Autumn 1 What makes me amazing?	Autumn 2 Salty Sea Adventures	Spring 1 Colourful Capital.	Spring 2 Carnival Ole!	Summer 1 Long, Long Ago.	Summer 2 A Sprinkle Of Woodland Wishes.
How am I special? How do I belong? What are feelings? What do different feelings look like? (Locale)	What can we find at the beach? How can we tell if things are old or new? What incredible animals live in the sea? (Local)	What is life like in a big city? What might I see in London? Who are the Royal Family? (National)	What is a carnival? How do we celebrate in the UK? How is life different for children in Brazil? (International)	How did life on earth evolve? What is a fossil? When did the dinosaurs exist? How do we know about the dinosaurs? (Time Past)	What are traditional tales? Why are woods important? How can we help our environment? (Now)



Writing units and outcome	Expectations: Letter formation Pencil grip Writing posture (Baseline Assessment – to check for these.) Lists and captions:– -Animals and objects from our reading texts. -Emotions Place Value for Grammar *if they are ready (most letter formations are correct and phase 3) Oral stories.	Image: Complete Non Chronological report: The Toy Man Image: Complete Image: Complete	Recount: Final write: Postcard from London / Probus Narrative: 'The Queen's Hat' - oracy and story- mapping. Oral stories.	Narrative: MythsStory-mapping Oracy Sequencing To innovate the start of a traditional Brazilian legend.Instructions:Instructions:Final write:Oral stories.	Narrative: Character description - A wanted poster:WHERE THE WILD THINGS ARE Seried of the WILD	Narrative - Setting description: Image: Constructive - A warning tale: Hansel and Gretel Model text Norrative Kansel and Gretel Model text Norrative Stansel and Gretel Model text Norrative Oral stories.
Grammar *there could be different grammar areas added during units in response to AfL	Place Value for Grammar: Common nouns Proper nouns Verbs – to be and to have Regular verbs Irregular verbs Subject Pronouns	Place Value for Grammar: Heading Brief introduction Subheadings Technical vocabulary Pictures and captions Third person - formal Statements giving	Brief introduction Technical vocabulary Pictures and captions Third person - formal Statements giving factual information Expanded noun phrases	Introduction Third person Conclusion including a cliff-hanger Expanded noun phrases Co-ordinating conjunctions	Subject Verbs Adverbs Statements giving factual information Expanded noun phrases. Transcription:	Introduction Expanded noun phrases Co-ordinating conjunctions Adverbials of place Capital letters for proper nouns Exclamation marks Year 1 CEW

	Single clause	factual information	Adverbs/adverbials	Adverbials of	Dictation of	Suffixes -s and -es -
		Expanded noun	of place Question	place	sentences linked to	plural nouns
		phrases	marks Year 1 CEW	Capital letters for	Phonics, 'Little	/w/ spelt 'wh'
	Transcription:	Adverbs/adverbials of	Adding -s	proper nouns	Wandle.' (including	
	Dictation of	place Question marks		Exclamation marks	using: –ing, –ed, –er	Transcription:
:	sentences linked to	Year 1 CEW Adding -s	Transcription:	Year 1 CEW	and –est where no	Dictation of
	Phonics, 'Little		Dictation of	Suffixes -s and -es –	change is needed in	sentences linked to
,	Wandle.' (including	Transcription:	sentences linked to	plural nouns	the spelling of root	Phonics, 'Little
	using: –ing, –ed, –er	Dictation of sentences	Phonics, 'Little	/w/ spelt 'wh'	words).	Wandle.' (including
	and –est where no	linked to Phonics,	Wandle.'			using: -ing, -ed, -er
	change is needed in	'Little Wandle.'	(including using: –			and –est where no
	the spelling of root	(including using: -ing,	ing, –ed, –er and –			change is needed
,	words).	–ed, –er and –est	est where no			in the spelling of
		where no change is	change is needed	Transcription:		root words).
		needed in the spelling	in the spelling of	Dictation of		
		of root words).	root words).	sentences linked to		
				Phonics, 'Little		
				Wandle.'		
				(including using: –		
				ing, –ed, –er and –		
				est where no		
				change is needed		
				in the spelling of		
				root words).		

Maths	Measure:	Number:	Number:	Number:	Measurement:	Number:
	Comparisons of	Place Value- 11-50.	Addition and	Addition and	Money.	Fractions
	measure.		Subtraction + and	subtraction + and -		
		Number:	– (to 20)	. Strategies within	Number:	Measurement:
	Number:	Addition and		10, which can be	Multiplication and	Time
	Comparisons of	subtraction + and -	Geometry:	used with numbers	division X and ÷.	
	quantities-		Shape.	beyond 10.		Measurement:
	composition of	Fluency – Mastering				Position and
	numbers 0-5.	number	Position and	Fluency –	Fluency – Mastering	direction.
			direction.	Mastering number	number	
	Number:					Fluency – Mastering
	Addition and		Fluency –			number
	subtraction-		Mastering number			

	introducing wholes and parts. Number: Composition of numbers 6-10. Fluency – Mastering number					
History	Recognise the difference between past and present in their own and others lives. Understand we have a past, present and future. Can children describe what has changed in their own lives so far using objects from their infancy? PG Chronology Sequence events in their life and understand linear nature of time. Notice the changes around our school – what are the older parts? What are the new areas? Does our	Events beyond living memory: Torrey Canyon DisasterUnderstand the term history.Can children explain what history is?Explore what happened and how things changed in response to the disaster.How can we tell if things we find on the beach are old or new?PG. Chronology Can children sequence 3 or 4 items from different periods of time from the beach?	Recognise the difference between artefacts from the past and modern artefacts. Understand the term history. Explore toys from the past and compare with modern toys, considering their materials, uses. Identify key differences between old and new artefacts and relate them to other areas, such as transport. PG. Chronology Can children sequence 3 or 4 artefacts from different periods of	Events beyond living memory; Amelia Earhart and Wright Brothers	Events beyond living memory; Significant individuals - Mary Anning.Explore the lives of significant individuals (Mary Anning).Consider what a historian does.Create a visual timeline of earth, humans and dinosaurs.P.G. Can children ask relevant questions about the past?Can children explain why Mary Anning is remembered?Can children understand that	Changing environments P.G Explore how environments change over time and consider how it might change further. Understand that there are layers of history beneath our feet. Look at The Oak Tree and explore the changes that happen in the lifetime of the tree. Can children make the link that there wasn't always a school here and that Probus has changed over time?

	school; change over time?		time linking to homes over time?		dinosaurs and humans didn't co- exist?	
Geography	Local area: schoolUsing mapsKnow the geography of the school and its grounds.Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.Understand that places change over time.	CONTINENTS AND OCEANS – with a focus on northern hemisphere starting from home United Kingdom Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas using world maps, atlases and globes.	Local area – Probus Satellite images. Making maps Use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. Devise a simple map. Know the geography of Probus and identify their route home from school. Construct basic symbols in a key.	CONTINENTS AND OCEANS – with a focus on places further away from home. Compare areas of UK with Rio de Janeiro. Understand that different countries have different climates. Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.	Weather and Seasons Months and seasons Understand the differences in the seasons. Know which months belong in which seasons. Record evidence on the changing seasons.	Weather and Seasons Weather patterns Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom.
Science (number of lessons)	Animals, including Humans – All about Me Working Scientifically.: Perform simple tests Identify and classify Use observations to suggest answers to questions	Seasonal Change (2)- AutumnExploring Everyday Materials 1 (4)Working Scientifically: Perform simple tests	Continue Exploring Everyday materials 1 (2) Working Scientifically: Perform simple tests	Continue Everyday Materials 2 Building (5) Working Scientifically: Perform simple tests	Animals, including Humans – All about animals (6) PSTT "I Can Explain" – Habitat pictures Working Scientifically:	Seasonal Change (2) Summer Working Scientifically: Perform simple tests Identify and classify

Gather and record	Use observations to	Identify and	Identify and	Ask simple questions	Use observations to
data to help in	suggest answers to	classify	classify	and recognise that	suggest answers to
answering questions	questions	Use observations	Use observations to	they can be	questions
	Gather and record	to suggest answers	suggest answers to	answered in	Gather and record
	data to help in	to questions	questions	different ways	data to help in
	answering questions	Gather and record		Observe closely,	answering questions
		data to help in	PSTT- Standing on	using simple	
		answering	the Shoulders of	equipment	<u>Plants (4)</u>
		questions	Giants- Charles	Identify and classify	
			Macintosh (The	Use observations to	Ask simple questions
		PSTT- "I can	Journey of the	suggest answers to	and recognise that
		explain" Floating	raincoat)	questions	they can be
		and sinking cards		Gather and record	answered in
			Seasonal Change	data to help in	different ways
		Seasonal Change	(2)- Spring	answering questions	Observe closely,
		(2)- Winter			using simple
		<u>,</u>			equipment
		Working			Identify and classify
		Scientifically:			Use observations
					and ideas to
		Perform simple			suggest answers to
		tests			questions
		Identify and			Gather and record
		classify			data to help in
		Use observations			answering questions
					driswening questions
		to suggest answers			PSTT- '"I can
		to questions			
		Gather and record			explain"- habitat
		data to help in			pictures
		answering			
		questions			
		Everyday Materials			
		<u>2 Building (2)</u>			
		Working			
		Scientifically:			
		Perform simple			
		tests			

			Identify and classify Use observations to suggest answers to questions			
Art	Spirals Using drawing, collage and mark- making to explore spirals. Introducing sketchbooks.	Simple Printmaking Explore simple wats to make a print. Use line, shape, colour and texture to explore pattern, sequencing and symmetry.	Playful Making Exploring materials and intention through a playful approach.	Exploring Watercolour Exploring watercolour and discovering we can use accidental marks to help us make art.	Making Birds Sculptural project beginning with making drawings from observation, exploring media, and transforming the drawings from a 2d to a 3d to make a bird.	Inspired by Flora and Fauna Explore how artists make art inspired by flora and fauna. Make collages of Minibeasts and display as a shared art-work.
DT		Food and NutritionPrepare and design afruit salad.Skills:• Develop afoodvocabularyusing taste,smell, textureand feel.• Group familiarfood productse.g. fruit andvegetables.• Work safelyandhygienically.• Work with anadult to make		Construction - Structures Moon Buggy Skills: Use wheels and axles to make a simple moving model. Use a range of materials to create models. Identify the suitability of materials, ensuring they are fit for purpose. Cut, shape and join materials to		Materials for purposeSockosaurusSkills:• Select and use a range of materials, beginning to explain their choices.• Cut and shape materials.• Choose appropriate components and materials

food following	create a	ways of
a simple recipe	product.	manipulating
	Kanadadana	them to
Select healthy	Knowledge : • An axle is a	achieve the
ingredients for a fruit or	rod or spindle	desired
vegetable	that passes	effect.
salad.	through the	Join fabrics
Measure and	centre of a	by using
weigh food	wheel to	running
items using	connect two	stitch, glue,
non-standard	wheels.	staples,
measures,	Understand	tape.
such as spoons	how wheels	iupe.
and cups.	and axles are	Knowledge:
	assembled and how they work.	, and the second s
Knowledge:	now mey work.	Different
		materials can be
Fruit and		used for different
vegetables are		purposes,
an important part of a		depending on their
healthy diet. It		properties. Fabric
is		can be cut and
recommended		sewn, some
that people		materials can be
eat at least		manipulated, others
five portions of		keep their form.
fruit and		
vegetables		Running
every day.		stitch is a simple
Using non-		needlework stitch
standard		consisting of a line
measures is a		of small even
way of		stitches which run
measuring that		back and forth
does not		
involve		
reading scales.		

For example, weight may be measured using a balance scale		through the cloth without overlapping.Properties of components and
and lumps of plasticine. Length may be measured in the number of handspans or pencils laid end to end.		materials determine how they can and cannot be used. For example, material can be sewn but plastic cannot.
 Some foods come from animals, such as meat, fish and dairy products. Other foods come from plants, such as fruit, vegetables, grains, beans and nuts. 		
The importance of being safe, clean, and hygienic when handling food. Good practices when preparing food.		

Music	Charanga – Hey you!	Charanga – Rhythm in the way we walk and Banana wrap.	Charanga – In the Groove.	Charanga – Round and Round.	Charanga – Your Imagination.	Charanga – Reflect, Rewind, Replay.
MFL	French – "Good morning" and "Good afternoon."	Christmas Round the World - "Happy Christmas" in different languages.	French – colours.	Cornish – St Piran's Day - "Good morning."	French – counting to 10.	French – body parts for purpose.
RE	Christianity Creation "Who made the world?" Harvest	Islam Who is a Muslim and how do they live?	Christianity What do Christians believe God is like?	Christianity What does it mean to belong to a faith community?	Christianity How should we care for others and why does it matter?	Islam Who is a Muslim and how do they live?
PSHE	Jigsaw - Being Me in My World.	Jigsaw - Celebrating Difference.	Jigsaw - Dreams and Goals.	Jigsaw - Healthy Me.	Jigsaw - Relationships.	Jigsaw - Changing Me.
PE	Gymnastics - balance and rollStanding and kneeling balances.Jumps - tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes, straight jump - leading to a straight jump of the spring board.Fundamentals- Balance, jump, hop, run, speed, agility, dodge, skip, co- ordination.	Dance Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Fitness Run, jump, co- ordination, stamina, strength, agility and balance.	Gymnastics - roll and locomotion Log roll, curled side roll, teddy bear roll Tiptoe, step, jump, hop, skip, gallop Ball skills Dribble with hands, roll, throw, catch, dribble with feet, track.	Yoga Balance, strength, flexibility, co- ordination. Sending and receiving Roll, throw, catch, kick, track, receive with feet, send with racket.	Athletics Run, balance, agility, co- ordination, hop, jump, leap, throw. Target games Under arm throw, over arm throw.	Striking and fielding. Under arm throw, over arm throw, catch, track, bat. Net and wall games Throw, catch, hit a ball, track a ball.
Computing	Computer Systems and Context Technology around us.	Digital Media Digital painting. Choosing appropriate tools in a program to create art, and	Programming A Moving a robot. Writing short algorithms and programs for floor	Data and Information Grouping data. Exploring object labels, then using	Digital Media Digital writing. Using a computer to create and format text, before	Programming B Programming animations. Designing and programming the

	Recognising technology in school and using it responsibly	making comparisons with working non- digitally	robots, and predicting program outcomes	them to sort and group objects by properties.	comparing to writing non-digitally.	movement of a character on screen to tell stories.
DRIVER 1 To promote and celebrate <u>diversity</u> within the school culture and beyond. An "all welcome" ethos with strong consideration for exposure to images and role models which expand the pupils experience and challenge stereotypes.	Understanding sense of self and place in the home, school and locale. Developing a sense of belonging. Understanding the "all welcome" at school value. Mary Seacole Malala Yousafzai	The diverse nature of Britain discussing our own families. The diverse nature of our capital city London.	Diversity celebrated in carnival culture. Blending of styles and celebrating together. Frida Kahlo	Diversity of astronauts. Women's opportunities in science. Valentina Tereshkova	All creatures are diverse. Diversity of historians who research the past.	Diversity of life in our school environment. Diversity of people researching and protecting our environment. Greta Thunberg
DRIVER 2 To promote <u>mental health</u> for all with an emphasis on <u>outdoor learning</u> and immersion in natural environment.	Understanding our bodies and minds both need to be healthy. Working regularly outdoors for our project and discussing the benefits of being outdoors with the children.	Mindfulness walks outside, considering our local geography.	The need to celebrate and have fun together for mental and physical health. Dance and movement in a group	Physical geography in the environment. Watching the night sky. Activities to explore with family.	Observing weather patterns outside and exploring for signs of seasons. Reading outside together to promote well-being and peace.	Art in the landscape for mental health and immersion in the environment for calming and creativity. Outdoor yoga.
DRIVER 3 To ensure exposure for all to events and learning with high <u>cultural</u>	Sense of belonging and access for all to whole school activity and all pupils equal in	Access to valued cultural information about the constitution in Britain and vocabulary relating to this.	Traditional myths. Exposure to guests of diverse backgrounds	Visit a planetarium online Online access to space exploration.	Historian invited to discuss his work.	Artist to be invited to school to discuss life- style.

<u>capital,</u>	the classroom and		Insight into		
especially for the	school setting.	Finding out our capital	travelling abroad		
pupil premium		city			
cohort.	Expose to high level				
	vocabulary and pre-	Behaviour in a formal			
	teaching for pupils	setting such as a meal			
	who need support	with the Queen.			
	with access.				
	Quality texts available				
	for all pupils and				
	books to be				
	promoted for all.				