Year 6 – 2024-2025 Rolling Programme

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
What was the industrial revolution?	How did women fight for equality?	What was life like for the average miner in Cornwall?	What was Victorian Cornwall like?	What effects do empires leave?	Our journey together.
How did the Industrial Revolution affect housing and lifestyle?	What was The British empire? What research methods can we use to investigate the Victorian era?	How did the decline in Cornish mining affect families in Cornwall? What was the Great Migration? What advances were made by Richard Trevithick and Humphry Davy. (Emily Hobs)	What was Probus like in Victorian times?	The Windrush – Multicultural Britain	

Writing to inform -Writing to persuade – Back to basics -Diary recounts from a Better conditions for Handwriting, grammar suffragist and a exercises mine workers. What is a Year 6 suffragette Jack miner speech writer? (comparisons) Mine owner speech 1 - Grammarsaurus -**Grammar Focus:** -Letter writing Commas – ambiguity (persuasive) link to Place Value for Punctuation Unit (4 and fronted adverbials previous learnina Plurals and singular weeks) about the Victorians forms using possessive a letter to persuade apostrophes. the Government to Writing to inform -Relative clauses bring in stricter rules on Non-Chronological Prepositional phrases child labour. report - Characters Semi-colons Independent from Oliver Twist Colons children write a letter NEW – past and to their chosen present progressive audience to persuade **Grammar:** Literacy **Recap from previous** them about their years – discuss lots of chosen topic. arammar terms so it is Writing to persuade familiar when we look Poetry – feelings and at them in more arammar Formal and informal emotions (Black out detail. Layout choices poetry and haiku) language Short sentences **Tenses** Conjunctions -Imperative and modal Cornish Poet - Charles subordinating, Causley verbs coordinating. New: Subjunctive Form Commas for ambiguity. Conjunctions - coordinating and subordinatina **Parenthesis** NEW - passive

Writing to entertain -Writing to discuss--Narrative - Developina dialogue - Conversation circulatory system: between 2 people what is it?. Lookina at extracts and analysina the effect the author creates due to their system. style. Revealing emotions Independent and feelings building explaining how a up (stronger) and made up food/drink can help the human emotions getting weaker (character body be healthier. calming down). Independent - Using a video stimulus Develop writing to Dilemma story with dialogue – link to Essay style writing previous writing about emotions and feelings, (Great expectations) both mental and physical? Writing to entertain Writing to persuade arammar Formal and informal grammar language Standard and non-

standard English

Short sentences

Relative clause

Inverted commas.

Apostrophes

Passive

Colons Semi-colons

Explanation text - the Writing to review personal journeys Review and build upon Writing to review play. the work completed in residential. year 4 for the digestive Independent: Is araffiti art? Should SATs be banned? Should schools have school uniforms? (Children can create their own question to discuss). Writing to discuss grammar what is the importance of exercise and why is Expanded noun it vital for overall health phrases Passive voice Colons and semicolons Parenthesis Commas for Imperative and modal ambiauity. verbs. Modal verbs. Fronted adverbials. Conjunctions Semi-colons Colons

Writing to inform -

English –	Key texts	Key texts	Key text
Guided	Oliver Twist – Charles Dickens Darwin's	Dodger by Terry Pratchett	Windrush boy
Reading	Dragons – Lindsay Galvin		·
Whole		Inference Focus	Summarise Focus
Class	Retrieval Focus		
VIPERS		Vipers - Evolution,	Vipers – Circulatory System
	Vipers - Victorians, Light, Electricity		
Reading for	Focus - Poetry – including Michael	Focus - Other cultures including	Focus - Shakespeare
Pleasure	Rosen, Benjamin Zephaniah	Ramayana – Divine Loop hole – Sanjay Patel	
(extracts to			
entice the			
children to			
read for			
themselves)			

	Daily Fluency	Daily Fluency	Daily Fluency	Daily Fluency	Daily Fluency	Daily Fluency
	Recap of previous	Recap of previous	Recap of previous	Recap of previous	Recap of previous	Recap of previous
્ર	learning	learning	learning	learning	learning	learning
ΛαĦ	Place Value	Number – fractions	Measures	 Percentage	Area and perimeter	Position and
	4- operations	Number - decimals	Problem solving using 4	Ratio	Volume	movement
			ops, fractions and	Algebra	Angles	Graphs averages
			decimals		Geometry	

History	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. What was the British Empire? How did it affect the industrial revolution? How did the industrial revolution change the lives and communities within Cornwall? How did housing and homes change within Victorian Britain? Why?	Local historical figure: Richard Trevithick Emily Stackhouse Was their equality in Victorian society? What was the difference between suffragettes and suffragists? What is diaspora? Why did many Cornish people emigrate during this time? What effect did it have? National Archives Lessons:. What was life like for black people in Victorian Britain? Discuss the merits of the evidence whether it is a primary or secondary and if it is secondary, how it is given merit by primary examples. Black Victorians - How much can documents reveal about the lives of Black people in Victorian Britain? Hard Labour - What was life like for a Victorian child criminal?	Mining in Cornwall. What is migration and why did the Industrial Revolution cause; migration within the UK? Migration away from the UK? Cornish History Study: What was lifelike before the industrial revolution? Examine the cause and effect of the Industrial Revolution. What was the impact of the Industrial Revolution on Cornwall?	How did Victorian Cornwall compare to other places in the UK? How did Victorian Probus compare to other places during the era and what are some of the differences to modern day?	What is an empire and what empires have we studied at Probus? What was the Windrush?	Review the History learned – Look at all periods of history studied at Probus School. Review when the civilisations appeared and children can begin to compare periods of time and civilisations (e.g. Stone Henge was built 1000 years before the ancient Egyptian pyramids. When the pyramid of Giza was being built, there were still woolly mammoths. We are closer in time to the T-Rex than a T-Rex was to a stegosaurus.) Review the differences and similarities with houses. Review major achievements.
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What geographical factors lead to the industrialisation of Cornwall?

Cornwall's unique geology

Human and Physical Geography

- describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water

4 and 6 Grid references – Geography field trip to Bodmin Moor.

Contours on a map.

Map reading skills.

The United Kingdom = What is the UK and how have people affected the UK's landscape?

Compare and contrast the different countries in the UK.

Identify where I live in the UK and locate the UK's major cities.

Identify physical characteristics of the UK. Understand how people have affected the UK's landscape.

Describe and explain the sorts of industries in which people in the UK work.

Understand the different types of energy sources used in the UK. Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of wind energy.

Locational Knowledge

- name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

Geographical skills and fieldwork

 use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

South America: Rio and South East Brazil

Locate South America on a world map and identify a range of its physical and human features.

Locate the countries and capital cities of South America.

Compare key facts about Brazil with your country.

Use photographs and information texts to imagine what daily life in Rio might be like. Identify how my life is linked to Rio and the South East of Brazil.

Identify the pros and cons of hosting the Olympic Games.

Locational Knowledge

-locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on its environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries and cities - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - identify the position and significance of the Equator

-identify the position and significance of the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)

Place Knowledge

- understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of the human and physical geography of a region of the UK and a region within South America

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Light

Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines.

Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye.

Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes.

Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them

Ogden Trust – Light Timeline

Electricity

Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.

Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches

Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.

Working Scientifically

Take measurements to improve accuracy – using a lux light measuring app. Label diagrams

Changing variables to test a prediction.

PSST- Standing on the Shoulders of Giants-Michael Faraday (Wind Power)

Living Things and their Habitats.

Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals

Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.

PSTT- '" I can explain"habitat pictures

Evolution and Inheritance

Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago.

Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents.

Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution. (Link to Spring 1)

PSST- Standing on the Shoulders of Giants-Charles Darwin (The Evolution of Evolution)

Animals including Humans

Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood.

Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function

Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.

Is the transplanting body parts from other humans and animals ethical in our society?

PSST- Standing on the Shoulder of Giants-Santorio Santorio (The journey of a pulse meter)

Art	Drawing and Sketching		Art Studies		Surfaces and	
	Shadow Puppets Explore how traditional and contemporary artists use cutouts and shadow puppets LINK to Science unit (Light)	Explore use the speak of communicate about care Ocear Pro	on behalf of nities. Make t things you about. Take Exploin pollution craftsper designer mwall	y with 3D nsions / DT a Seat ore how eople and ers bring lity to their ork.	Colour 2D Drawing to 3D Making Explore how 2D drawings can be transformed to 3D objects. Work towards a sculptural outcome or a graphic design outcome.	

D/T		Materials for purpose - Construction electrical systems and cogs.				Food Technology – design and make a 2-course meal based on
						understanding of a healthy lifestyle.
Music	"Happy" Motown	Classroom Jazz	A New Year Carol	Music in me	Class end of year mu	usical.
MFL - French	Á l'école (At school) Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for school subjects. Say what subjects they like and dislike at school. Say why they like/ dislike certain school subjects. Tell the time (on the hour) in French. Say what time they study certain subjects at school.	Le week-end (The weekend) • Ask what the time is in French. • Tell the time accurately in French. • Learn how to say what they do at the weekend in French. • Learn to integrate connectives into their work. • Present an account of what they do and at what time at the weekend.	Les Vikings (Vikings) Name the key periods in Ancient Britain, chronologically in French. • Describe themselves physically by pretending to be a member of a fictitious Viking family. • Use more exciting adjectives in their sentences, becoming	Le Seconde Guerre Mondiale (World War II) Group/order unknown vocabulary to help decode texts in French. Improve listening and reading skills. Name the countries and languages involved in WW2. Say what the differences were in city and country	. Manger et bouger (Healthy lifestyle) • Name and recognise 10 foods and drinks that are considered good for your health. • Name and recognise 10 foods and drinks that are considered bad for your health. • Say what activities they do to keep in shape during the week.	Moi dans le monde (Me in the world) • About the many countries in the Francophone world. • About different festivals (religious and non-religious) around the world. • That we are different and yet all the same. • That we can all help to protect our planet. • How to use "à" (when

		start to understand commonly used reflexive verbs and pronouns			
2.6 - Kingdom of God hristianity or Christians, what kind of King was esus?	U2.3 Incarnation Christianity Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah?	U2.7 - Hinduism Why do Hindus want to be good?	U2.2 - Creation/Fall Christianity Creationism and science: conflicting or complimentary?	U2.11- Why do some people believe in God and some people not?	U2.10 - What matters to most Humanists and Christians?
eing Me	Celebrating Differences	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Symnastics Part 1 E for fitness – circuits	Gymnastics Part 2 Dance	Netball Football	Handball OAA	Tennis Gold	Athletics Rounders
computing systems and networks Communication and collaboration nk to PSHE – communicating ffectively with others.	Creating media – 3D modelling Link to DT and shape in maths – design and create things for	Programming A - Variables in games Link to science / geography/ PSHE- children create	Creating media - Webpage creation Link to foundation subjects - children	Data and information - Introduction to spreadsheets -link to maths	Programming - Sensing movement Link to science and PE – creating
ei ;y E o o nl	Christians, what kind of King was us? ng Me mnastics Part 1 for fitness – circuits mputing systems and networks communication and llaboration k to PSHE – communicating	Christians, what kind of King was us? Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? Celebrating Differences Manastics Part 1 for fitness – circuits Creating media – 3D modelling Ilaboration Creating media – 3D modelling Link to DT and shape in maths – design	Christians, what kind of King was us? Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? Celebrating Differences Manastics Part 1 For fitness – circuits Creating media – 3D modelling Link to DT and shape To be good? To be	Christians, what kind of King was us? Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? Celebrating Differences Manastics Part 1 For fitness – circuits Creationism and science: conflicting or complimentary? Celebrating Dreams and Goals Messiah? Celebrating Dreams and Healthy Me Goals Netball Football OAA Creating media – OAA Communication and Ilaboration Link to DT and shape To be good? Creationism and science: conflicting or complimentary? Creating manastics Part 2 Dance Programming A - Variables in games Creating media - Webpage creation Link to DT and shape Link to science / Link to foundation	Christians, what kind of King was us? Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? Celebrating Differences Monastics Part 1 Gods Football Creationism and science: conflicting or complimentary? Relationships Relationships Football Tennis Gold God and some people not? Relationships Creating media – John and Some people not? Computing systems and networks communication and llaboration Link to DT and shape To be good? Creationism and science: conflicting or complimentary? Relationships Creating media – John and Information - Introduction to spreadsheets

	linked to the	knowledge of	-link to science -	
	environment.	previous learning.	BPM	

Driver 1 To promote and celebrate diversity within the school culture and beyond. An "all welcome" ethos with strong consideration for exposure to images and role models which expand the pupils experience and challenge stereotypes.	Black History Month – Awareness British Empire – the beginning of a diverse UK. Emily Stackhouse – lived in Probus during the Victorian times (botanist)	National Archives session = Black Victorians (awareness of diversity in Victorian Britain).	Women and ethnic minorities in the world of computing.	British Science Week to include STEM ambassadors visiting the school (local experts).		
Driver 2						
To promote mental health	Wild Tribe	Developing	Visiting the	Developing	Walking around Probus –	
for all with an emphasis on		observational	allotment.	allotment	visiting the church.	
outdoor learning and	Walking around	skills in the				
immersion in natural	Probus – our local	outdoor			Linked to healthy body,	
environment.	community –	environment			healthy mind and the	
	linked to Victorian	(using			circulatory system –	
	topic.	magnifying			children will be outside for	
		glasses and			regular walks in and	
		microscopes).			around the school area.	
Driver 3		Visit to Geevor	Shipwreck museum	Curate the	Year 6 residential – Bristol	
	Reception buddy	mine.	– Visit to Shackleton	museum space in	and Stratford upon Avon	Year 6 drama
To ensure exposure for all	time developing		exhibition	school		production.
to events and learning	leadership skills	Christmas events			Visit from a medical expert	
with high cultural capital ,		leading	Lego League		to talk through the human	
especially for the pupil	Ambassador roles	reception	engineering		body (circulatory system).	
premium cohort.	throughout school	sharing in the	challenge and			
		buddy role	presentations at			
	Rotary Club		competition			
	writing and	Aspiring futures				
	speech	project				

competitions		Aspiring futures	
during the year	National	project	
	archives		
	workshops	World Earth Day	