Year 4 – 2023-2024 Rolling Programme

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Autumn 1 Ancient times – Who were the ancient Greeks? What was it like in an Ancient Greek home? Is Greece identifiable today and has the mapping changed?	How have the ancient Greeks influenced our modern culture?	Our watery world. Is there more blue than green? What is physical geography? How are rivers, and lands around them formed? Did past civilisations and peoples need to be close to rivers? Are you what you eat? How does our body digest food?	How do we care for our rivers and seas? How does the water cycle work? Do populations expand and decline? Do periods of history overlap?	Did the Roman Empire reach our Island? What is bio- diversity and why is it important?	How did the Romans live? How precious are our local forests?
English – writing	Writing to entertain – Understanding myths and their structure and features Greek myths: Read and learn a variety of Greek Myths based on the book by Marcia Williams Learn and act the story of Icarus and Daedalus writing to change a point of view.	Writing to Inform Understand the features of non fiction texts, looking at glossaries. The 'Who's Who' guide to Ancient Greeks! Write a guide about different gods, philosophers etcwho lived in Ancient Greece.	Writing to Entertain – Poetry based on food Listen to 'Chocolate Cake' by Michael Rosen. Explore simile, personification and metaphor. Develop how you can use metaphor to describe things. (2 weeks) Writing to inform – Digestive system –	Writing to persuade - writing formal letters to a chosen organisation about conservation of waterways, habitats etc to send to different organisations. Features of formal letter writing New Grammar • Use of formal language	Writing to Entertain- The Highwayman An in-depth study of the Highwayman and it's understanding. Look at ryhthmn and pace in text Use the text to create Tim's story, using different writing devices to get feelings and emotions across.	Writing to inform – Newspaper report/ recount. Features of non-fiction text look at using quotations and recording event details. Use the story 'Empire's End' to create a written recount (Newspaper style report) of the journey from Gaul

Produce own myth

New Grammar

- extended noun phrases, including with prepositions
- Standard English verb inflections (I did vs I done)
- use the correct form of 'a' or 'an'

Grammar

 using and punctuating direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas)

Transcription

use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left un-joined. Think about organisational devices such as headings, subheadings, collating detail, organising features independently.

Grammar Recap:

- use the correct form of 'a' or 'an'.
- indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with singular and plural nouns.
- choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition.
- •Using structures to organise a text.

Transcription

increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting.

explanation of how the digestive system works. Share work with year 6. (Science work linked to this unit)

New Grammar

- using fronted adverbials
- using commas after fronted adverbials

Transcription

increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting. • using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense

Independent application of all grammatical structures to be used.

Transcription

increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting.

Writing to persuade - based on narrative -point of view

Using the class novel, Boy at the Back of the Class, and look at different parts of the story form different perspectives and persuade as different characters.

Grammar

- •Use of formal language
- using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense

<u>Grammar</u>

- appropriate choice of pronoun or noun to create cohesion
- •Expanded Noun Phrase
- To use direct speech and punctuate it correctly.

to Britannicum and the disaster at sea.

<u>Grammar</u>

Independent use of the expected vocabulary, grammar and punctuation studied, including direct speech, expanded noun phrases and fronted adverbials.

English – Guided	Who let the Gods out? – Maz Evans		Escape to the River-Sea – Emma Carrol		Empire's End – Leila Rasheed	
Reading			Shared book – The Boy at the Back of the Class		Shared book – The Wind in the Willows. Wonder.	
Maths	Place Value Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division Statistics	Multiplication and division Fractions Time	Decimals Money	Measures (Kg, ml, cm etc) Perimeter Area	Geometry Coordinates Problems solving involving the 4 operations
History	Ancient Greece A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world. Understand the impact of ancient Greek literature on our culture and the significance of references. Look at the evidence available in classical periods. Understand reconstruction and films set in classical periods are interpretations.			Romans in Britain Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55/4BC The roman empire by AD42 and the power of its army Successful invasions by Claudius and conquest including Hadrian's wall British resistance, Boudica 'Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture and beliefs Who conquered Britain? Where were they from? Draw a picture of what they were like – what were they actually like? Bias in history – white or black?		
Geography	on Europe, concentrating regions, countries, and religions to the light state of the state of th	significance of Equator, outhern Hemisphere, the Capricorn	Rivers Locational knowledge Where are the world's major rivers? How do our local rivers compare to others in the world? Revision – where does the River Fowey begin and	Oceans and seas Recap the major seas and oceans and look at those that surround the UK Geographical skills and fieldwork Use symbols and key (including Ordinance Survey	Temperate rainforests Forest and Field Work What is a biome? Howard are different environments Where are the world Look at the difference and temperate forest	w do different biomes onments? s rainforests? e between tropical

			where does it flow to? Vocabulary of features of rivers. (Map of River Fowey) As a group. The earths processes that develop physical features. The impact of rivers on human behaviour. (Why were settlements always built next to rivers in the Iron and Stone ages?) Assessment – Find the main features of The River Nile?	Maps – 4 figure reference maps) Human impact on the planet Global warming Plastic pollution Migration of animals Migration of people – PSHE and novel Refugees	How are temperate retropical rainforests? What are the parts of the world essential for the world essential for the world essential for the world environment on the local environment. Field work: Rivers – flow of a river and width. Forest – explore the control of the contro	the rainforests? and tropical rainforests d? erate forest – impact nent.
Science	Working Scientifically: Know how to use a microscope, magnifying lens, Can make careful observations using notes and simple tables and drawing. In drawing, can consider scale and detail. Living things:	Working Scientifically: Can set up simple practical enquiries and understand a fair test. Can understand that changing only one variable is best method for testing. Electricity Identify common	Working Scientifically: Use independent research including secondary sources to help them to answer questions Animals inc. humans Describe the simple functions of the	Working Scientifically: Know how to use a thermometer Can take accurate measurements using standard units of heat. Use negative numbers.	Working Scientifically: Living things and their habitats – Conservation (Developing Experts) Living things: Recognise that environments can change and that	Scientific enquiry: Did the Romans use toilet paper? Use scientific evidence to answer questions to support their findings, relate the results to scientific knowledge.
	Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of	appliances that run on electricity. Electricity	basic part of the digestive system in humans Identify the different types of teeth in	States of matter: Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are	this can sometimes pose dangers to living things. Describe Ecosystems	Draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and

living things in their local	Construct a simple	humans and their	solids, liquids or	Understand the	raise further
and wider environment	series electrical circuit,	simple functions.	gases	human impact on	questions.
Recognise that	identifying and naming		Observe that some	the environment	
environments can	its basic parts,	Scientific enquiry -	materials change	through;	
change and that this	including cells, wires,	What is spit for?	state when they are	deforestation, air	
can sometimes pose	bulbs, switches and		heated or cooled,	pollution, water	
dangers to living things.	buzzers		and measure or	pollution.	
			research the	Explain why water	
Standing on the	Identify whether or not		temperature at	conservation is	
shoulders of Giants-	a lamp will light in a		which this happens	important, explain	
Jane Goodall	simple series circuit,		in degrees Celsius	the positive impact	
	based on whether or		(°C)	humans can have	
	not the lamp is part of			on the environment.	
	a complete loop with		States of matter:		
	a battery.		Identify the part	Standing on the	
			played by	shoulders of Giants-	
	Recognise that a		evaporation and	Jane Goodall	
	switch opens and		condensation in the		
	closes a circuit and		water cycle and		
	associate this with		associate the rate		
	whether or not a lamp		of evaporation with		
	lights in a simple series		temperature.		
	circuit.				
			Extended writing –		
	Recognise some		create an image		
	common conductors		with explanations		
	and insulators, and		about the Water		
	associate metals with		Cycle.		
	being good				
	conductors.				
	The state of the s				
	How is electricity				
	generated?				
	Sound				
	Identify how sounds				
	are made, associating				
	some of them with				
	something vibrating.				
	Johnstilling vibratiling.				
	Recognise that				
	vibrations from sounds				

		travel through a medium to the ear. Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it. Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it. Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.				
Art	Storytelling Through Drawing Explore how artists create sequenced drawings to share and tell stories. Create accordion books or comic strips to retell poetry or prose through drawing.		Sculpture, Structure, Inventiveness and Determination What can artists learn from nature?	Festival Feasts How might we use food and art to bring us together?		Exploring Pattern Exploring how we can use colour, line and shape to create patterns including repeating patterns.
D/T	Design and make Greek Design and make a bag			Making a healthy Lur	nch	
Music	Mamma Mia To appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.	Glockenspiel Stage 2 Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	Stop! To appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great	Lean on me To improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music. Listen with attention to detail and recall	Blackbird To develop an understanding of the history of music. Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments	Reflect, Rewind and Replay To develop an understanding of the history of music.

	Use 10 pieces to help support this learning and understanding.	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. Use and understand staff and other musical notations.	composers and musicians.	sounds with increasing aural memory.	with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural	
MFL - French	Presenting Myself Count to 20. Say their name and age. Say hello and goodbye, then ask how somebody is feeling and answer how they are feeling. Tell you where they live. Tell you their nationality and understand basic gender agreement rules.	My Family •Tell somebody the members, names and various ages of either their own or a fictional family in French. • Continue to count in French, with the option of reaching 100, enabling students to say the age of various family members. • Understand the concept of the possessive adjectives 'mon', 'ma' and 'mes' in French. • Move from 1st person singular to 3rd person singular to 3rd person singular to the two high frequency verbs used in this unit: s'appeler (to be called) and avoir (to have).	Goldilocks Increase their memory potential in French by using picture cards, word cards and phrase cards in French. Increase their thinking and reasoning skills in French, identifying strategies to use in the future for memorising new words and phrases. Attempt to spell in French.	In the Classroom Remember and recall 12 classroom objects with their indefinite article/determiner. Replace an indefinite article/determiner with a possessive adjective. Say and write what they have and do not have in their pencil case.	Memory. At the Tea Room Remember and recall a wide variety of foods, snacks, and drinks (with their indefinite article/determiner) typically served in a salon de thé. To understand better how to change a singular noun to plural form. Perform a short roleplay ordering what they would like to eat and drink.	What is the weather? • Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for weather in French. • Ask and say what the weather is like today. • Create a French weather map. • Describe the weather in different regions of France using a weather map with symbols.
RE	CREATION/FALL What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Judaism How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?	PEOPLE OR GOD What is it like to follow God?	Islam How do festivals and worship show what matters to a Muslim?	GOSPEL What would Jesus do? Ten commandments.	How and why do people try to make the world a better place?
PSHE	Being Me	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
PE	PE for fitness - circuits Gymnastics	Dance Gymnastics	Swimming Invasion Games	Invasion Games Yoga	OAA Striking and fielding	Net and ball games Athletics
Computing	Computing systems and networks The internet Recognising the internet as a network of networks including the WWW, and why we	Creating media Audio editing Capturing and editing audio to produce a podcast, ensuring that copyright is considered.	Programming A Repetition in shapes Using a text-based programming language to explore count- controlled loops	Data and information Data logging Recognising how and why data is collected over time, before using	Creating media Photo editing Manipulating digital images and reflecting on the impact of changes and whether the	Programming B Repetition in games Using a block-based programming language to explore count- controlled and

	should evaluate online content.		when drawing shapes.	dataloggers to carry out an investigation.	required purpose is fulfilled.	infinite loops when creating a game.
Driver 1 To promote and celebrate diversity within the school culture and beyond. An "all welcome" ethos with strong consideration for exposure to images and role models which expand the pupils experience and challenge stereotypes.	Where did the different g from? What is their perce Was their society perfect? What was Ancient Greek they have liked to have a women?	ption of them? ? like for women? Would	Looking at the word refugee and what it means to the children. Use the Children's society work to explain refugees and the book 'Boy at the back of the class' to gain a greater understanding of what being a refugee means.	All Romans were whit Pose the question at the work and see what the Through work, reading work, answer the questhey surprised by who	the start of the unit of neir attitudes are. g and investigative estion again. Were	Are all important forests in the South American and Africa? Do we need to look closer to home to be able to make an impact on capturing carbon and global warming?
Driver 2	Wild tr	ibe will run throughout the	e year. They will have a	wild tribe practitioner v	working with them wee	kly.
To promote mental	Allotment tidying.			Allotment	Growing in the	Using the produce
health for all with an emphasis on outdoor learning and	KS2 trip to Bodmin Moor			preparation	allotment	from the allotment. Field work to look at rivers and forests.
immersion in						
environment.						
Driver 3	KS2 trip to Bodmin Moor	"Greek Pots"		School sleep over	Roman workshop	
To ensure exposure for		workshops at the Royal Cornwall Museum.		and trip to explore something that they	and visit to the Cathedral to see how the Gospel has	

all to events and learning with high cultural capital, especially for the pupil premium cohort.			might not have done before.	influenced the design on the stained glass windows.	
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