	Autumn 1 The Enchanted World of Magical Tales. What happens with we add a potion to a story? What magical ingredients could we add to a potion? Which stories can you name with potions and mixtures? (Global)	Autumn 2 Exploring Cornish Stories and Historical Rhymes. Who was the grand old Duke of York? What happened to Guy Fawkes? Where did the Steadfast Tin Solider go? (Europe)	Spring 1 Amazing Adventures and Risky Recues. Who are pirates? What important rescues have influenced out lives today? Are pirates historical? Where did explorers go and what did they find? (International)	Spring 2 Our village through time What has changed in our village beyond living memory? How have houses and homes changed over time? What historical changes have happened within living memory? (locale)	Summer 1 Cornish Castles, Fogous and Legends. What is a Fogou? Why are castles round? Where do legends come from? (locale)	Summer 2 What lives just beneath my feet? (locale) I am small, I crawl, I have a hard shell, what am I? Do insects have a favourite colour? Can looking at the clouds predict whether I need a coat? (locale)
Literacy FP -For pleasure class text.	FP- Roald Dahl's – George's Marvellous Medicine.	FP - The day I fell into a fairy-tale by Ben Miller alongside The Mermaid of Zennor, The mice of Mousehole, The sand horse and the Mousehole cat.	FP – Mazy and the Cornish Pirates by Peter Price.	FP: Magical Faraway Tree by Enid Blyton	FP – Combat at the castle: a knight in training. Book 5 Vivian French and David Melling.	FP- Olivia and Maro. The butterfly garden Cristina Craciun. Focus Text - The boy who lost
	Focus text - Magic Porridge Pot, food rhymes.	Focus text - Mousehole Cat.	Focus text – Grace Darling and Diary examples.	Focus Text-The Barnabas Project. A Street through time. Rhymes and riddles.	Focus Text - The Tunnel by Anthony Browne.	his bumble – Trudi Esberger
	Reading – Retelling key stories. Structural organisers Vocabulary and meaning. Retrieval	Nursery rhymes and historical comparisons with story. Reading – Retrieval Similarities and differences Vocabulary and meaning and impact. Performance intonation,	Reading – Skimming and scanning for key information. Identifying evidence and justifying opinion. Vocabulary meaning and impact. Inference.	Reading – Skimming and scanning for key information. Questioning settings and characters. Structural organisers. Inference	Reading – Skimming and scanning for key information. Cause and effect. Predictions. Inference	Reading – Skimming and scanning for key information. Predictions. Explanation.
	Fiction Writing to entertain Simple traditional story.	fluency and pace. Sequencing and summarising.	Fiction – Writing to inform.	Fiction – Writing to Entertain Character and setting	Fiction- Writing to entertain Dilemma story	Fiction – Writing to entertain - Consequence story.
	Purpose: To tell a story with a moral. Skills: Noun Phrases Using adjectives	Fiction writing to entertain. Purpose: To create a piece of descriptive writing based on the storm.	Diary (Recount) Grace Darling Purpose: To record events from history.	descriptions within an adventure story. Purpose: To write character and setting descriptions for	Purpose: To write the untold part of a story to share with each other.	Skills: subordination (because, when, if, that or) Using contractions. Noun phrases Adverbials
	subordination (because) and co-ordination (but) to extend sentences. Time conjunctions (Adverbials)	Skills: subordination (because) and co-ordination (but) to extend sentences. Using contractions.	Skills: subordination (because, when, if, that or) and co- ordination (but, and, or) to extend sentences. Using contractions.	Year 3 to use to upskill. Skills: subordination (because, when, if, that or) and co-ordination	Skills: subordination (because, when, if, that or) and co- ordination (but, and, or) to extend sentences. Using contractions.	Non-Fiction – Writing to inform Non chronological report
	Non-Fiction Recipe writing linked to the traditional tale. Purpose: To write a set of instructions that have a	Using verbs with -ing. Using descriptive and figurative language. Alternative sentence starters.	Writing in first person. Past tense. Writing with our senses. Order events with cohesion.	(but, and, or) to extend sentences. Noun phrases. Coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. Verbs	Noun phrases Adverbials Persuasive sentence starters.	Skills: Headings and subheadings. Range of sentence types. Range of punctuation. subordination (because, when, if, that or)
	sequential order. Skills: Commands. (Use time conjunctions from Traditional tales writing) Imperative verbs.	Non-Fiction to inform about looking after cats. Purpose: to support a recount	Poetry - List Poems Purpose: To make our own book on 'What I found in a pirate's pocket.'	Using emotions and senses to help with description. Non-Fiction – diary – writing to	Non- Fiction - Recount – independent write using a visit as a stimulus from last term's learning.	Apostrophes for singular possession.
	Commas for Lists application from Noun phrases.	of the class trip at Christmas to		entertain	Skills: To use time conjunctions. To use chronological order. Using feelings and emotions. To	Purpose: For publication.

	 Poetry Writing to entertain through National poetry day. Acrostic poetry linked to the theme of National poetry day. Purpose: To explore and celebrate poetry with a national celebration. Skill: To listen, read and perform poetry. To give our own opinions based on a theme and poem. 	 their parents in the form of a letter. Skills: Present and past tenses correctly including progressive form. Order events with cohesion. Poetry – Nursery rhymes Purpose: Performance of different nursery rhymes to focus on pace, pitch, expression and actions. Skill: performing using syllables. 	Skill: Using different forms of sentence, statement, question, exclamation and command. Using possessive apostrophes.	Purpose: To record a trip around the village to explore historical features. This will also form the basis of an independent write next term after a trip. Skills: To use time conjunctions. To use chronological order. Using feelings and emotions. To write in past tense and first person. Poetry- Repeating pattern poems Purpose: to share with Year 1 about why it is good to be different. Skill: using verbs and adjectives Conjunctions to join clauses. Commas.	write in past tense and f person.
Maths	Number: Subtraction asdifference Number: Additionand subtraction TO +/- ONumber: Addition andsubtraction TO+/- multiplesof 10.Fluency – NCETM MasteringNumber.	Number: Subtraction as difference Number: Addition and subtraction TO +/- O Number: Addition and subtraction TO+/- multiples of 10. Fluency – NCETM Mastering Number.	Number: Addition TO + TO Number: Subtraction TO - TO Number: Multiplication representing equal groups Fluency – NCETM Mastering Number.	Number: Multiplication – groups of 2 Number: Multiplication – groups of 10 and 5, and factors of 1 and 0 Number: Commutativity doubling and halving Fluency – NCETM Mastering Number.	Number - Division Number: Fractions Geometry: 2D and 3 E shapes Position and d Fluency – NCETM Maste Number.
History	 What is history? Do we all have a history? Does the Earth have a history? Can history be forgotten? What is the difference between the past and history? How is history recorded? What types of evidence do we have? Democritus the Greek philosopher introduced the idea of the atom in 450B.C. However, the idea was 	 Where do nursery rhymes come from? Think about the images shown in nursery rhymes and compare these to today's objects linked to Science and materials. Identify differences between ways of life at different times. Who was the Grand Old Duke of York and how is his story based in history? Graham Bell and the invention of the telephone. 	 Significant historical people – Marco Polo, Grace Darling, and Famous pirates (Historical focus, Marco Polo, Grace Darling, Cornwall link, materials) The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods. 	Changes within living and events beyond memory within the local area; Significant people; Places and events in the local area. (Our village and school and changes within living memory. Materials Houses and homes over time) • changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.	Castles and Homes. Identify differences betw to homes. • When was the lat • Who built it? • What are the diffe • What would it be • Why don't we live • What castles are and who built the • Who was Henry N Cornwall? (Reme VIII)

I first	Skills: Alliteration, verbs, adjectives and adverbs. Considering Night Mail by W.H Auden.				
D direction tering	Statistics Measures – money and time Measures – capacity, length/height, mass. Fluency – NCETM Mastering Number.				
tween ways of life at different times relating ast castle built in the UK?					
ifferent rooms and areas of a castle?					

- be like to live in a castle?
- live in castles today?
- re there in Cornwall? When were they built them?
- y VIII and why did he build castles in
- member significant information about Henry

hs from different periods.

	essentially forgotten for more	What does our modern digital	Describe memories of key	• significant historical events,	Understand time can be measure	d in small periods and larger
	than 2000 years. John Dalton re-introduced the atom in 1800.	 world mean for music? Why is Bonfire night significant? Who is Guy Fawkes? What was the Gun Powder plot? Why were people unhappy? How was James the 1 involved? How has this event influenced our lives today? 	events in lives and develop a linear sequence. Know that photographs can be reconstructions and that history is explored through study and archaeology. Consider why writing can be a good historical source. Understanding and using timelines to plot significant events.	 Junderstand the village looked different in the past. Understand people had different homes and resources in the past. Know the school and village have a past and be able to give some details about its development. St.Piran's Day and the historical significance with Cornwall. 	periods. Study some key significant figures information about their lives. Compare pictures or photographs Visit a museum/castle. Legends and Myths Cornish Knock answer questions about past on th	from the past and retain s of people events in the past. sers – Observe, handle sources,
Geography	What are maps?	The United Kingdom	What is field work and	Fieldwork in the local area;	Oddizzi - Hot and cold places	Can the clouds help us
	 What is an ocean? Which continent do I live in? What is Europe like? What are features on a map? How does life compare in another continent? 	 What is the UK and where do I come from? Can I find the capital cities and surrounding seas of the UK? What are the human and physical differences between the UK's countries? What are the UK's capital cities like? What do I know about a country in the UK? 	 What would you need to take on an expedition? What would you need to take on an expedition with Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong? Where did Captain James Cook explore? Name the Continents and Oceans. Which countries did Marco Polo visit? Using an atlas and map to plot his journey. What are the compass points and how can we use these to show locations? 	 To know how make and use simple maps and plans (paper and digital) to help me investigate and compare places. the difference between physical and human features of geography in the local environment simple compass directions (North, 	 What hot and cold places What hot and cold places can you find and can you show them on a map? What are the features of the hot and cold places? Can you explore hot and cold places? How do animals adapt to hot and cold places? Can you explore an animal and their habitat? What would you need to go on an expedition? 	 predict if we need a coat? How do we classify clouds, including their height and type? How do we identify the clouds we can see using our own identification chart? Can we carry out field work over a period of time to gather data on clouds and weather patterns? Can we use the data to help form ideas about the clouds and weather to answer our enquiry question? Can we construct a presentation for Year 1 to show them how to predict if they need a coat using the clouds?

Science	Uses of everyday materials	Living things and their habitats – Habitats around the world.	Living things and their habitats.	Animals including humans - Health and survival.	Animals including humo Lifecycles.
	 Identify different materials and their uses. Understand how to select the right materials to build a bridge. Explore and test stretchiness of materials. Understand that materials can change their shape by twisting, bending, squashing or stretching. Discover which materials change shape when making a road with John McAdam. (PSTT- Standing on the Shoulders of Giants) Working Scientifically Using observations to suggest answers to questions. Perform simple tests. Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. PSTT- Standing on the Shoulders of Giants-John Dunlop (Bouncy tyres and bouncy balls) Vocabulary Fabric, cardboard, squashing, stretching, bending, suitable, unsuitable, property. 	 Habitats around the world. Learn about habitats. Appreciate that environments are constantly changing. Explore the rainforest and its problems. Describe life in the ocean. Discover the Artic and Antarctic habitat. Create a model of a habitat. Working Scientifically Identifying and classifying. Using observations to suggest answers to questions. Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. Vocabulary Living, dead, never been alive, habitat, microhabitat, energy, food chain, healthy, predator, prey, woodland, pond, desert, seashore, ocean, rainforest. PSTT- "I can explain"- habitat pictures 	 Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive. Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in a microhabitat. Design a suitable microhabitat where living things could survive. Find out what animals eat to survive. Understand a food chain. Working Scientifically Identifying and classifying. Observing closely, using simple equipment. Using observations to suggest answers to questions. Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. Vocabulary Living, dead, never been alive, habitat, microhabitat, energy, food chain, healthy, predator, prey, woodland, pond, desert, seashore, ocean, rainforest. 	 Describe the needs of animals for survival. Describe the needs of humans for survival. Explore the importance of eating the right food. Describe what a healthy balanced diet looks like. Investigate the impact of exercise on our bodies. Investigate the importance of hygiene. Working Scientifically Using observations to suggest answers to questions. Identifying and classifying. Perform simple tests. Vocabulary Survival, water, air, food, growth, adult, baby, offspring, kitten, calf, puppy, exercise, hygiene, lifecycle.	 Order the stages of human life cycle. Describe the stages human life cycle. Identify the offspring parent of an animal parent parent
Art	Explore and Draw Introducing the idea that artists can be collectors and explorers as they develop drawing and composition skills.	Music and Art Explore how we can make art inspired by the sounds we hear.	Expressive painting. Explore how painters sometimes use paint in an expressive and gestural way. Explore colour mixing and experimental make making to create abstract still life images.	Stick formation Project Explore how you can transform a familiar object into new and fun forms.	Be an Architect Exploring architecture of creating architectural r
DT				Cooking and Nutrition – St.Piran's Day Cornish Fairings.	Construction – Structure Rapunzel's Castle
				Skills	Skills
				 Combine ingredients for taste and aesthetic effect. Work safely and hygienically. 	Construct simple strumodels or other prousing a range of mage.

nans –	Plants
of the es of a al cle of a ycle of a cle of a	 Know the difference between seeds and bulbs. Design an experiment to find out what plants need to grow. Describe what plants need to grow and stay healthy. Describe the lifecycle of a plant. Observe and record the growth of plants over time. Understand that plants adapt to suit their environment.
/ing.	Working Scientifically
suggest	Identifying and classifying.
ing data	Observing closely, using simple equipment.
uestions.	Using observations to suggest answers to questions.
can be	Perform simple tests.
ways.	Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.
od, growth, kitten, larva, frog,	Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.
dpole, ne,	Vocabulary
	Seeds, bulbs water, light, suitable, temperature, grow, healthy, germinate.
and models.	Exploring the world through mono print. Using a simple mono print technique to develop drawing skills, encourage experimentation and ownership.
res –	Materials for a purpose – Making a 3D model.
	Skills
tructures, oducts naterials.	• Join appropriately for different materials and situations e.g. glue, tape.

- Explore how a str Follow a recipe to make • be made stronge food with increasing independence. stiffer, and more • Measure and weigh food Identify the suitable items, using non-statutory materials, ensurin measures e.g. spoons, fit for purpose. cups. Construct a movi • Select from a range of tools the model using and equipment to perform sliders. practical tasks such as Knowledge mixing, combining, shaping Structures can be and finishing. stronger, stiffer ar Knowledge: stable by using c rather than pape • Basic recipes can be triangular shapes adapted to develop a squares. product with a specified A broader base v criterion. make a structure • The importance of being stable. clean, and hygienic when explore and use handling food. Good [for example, lev practices when preparing wheels and axles food. products. • How to use equipment including ovens, safely and Design: Developing, correctly. and communicating The key stages of baking biscuits- mixing, forming, Design a product • baking, cooling, detailed design a decorating. Use pictures and Some ingredients change • convey what the properties when cooked. design and make • Foods high in fat, salt and Add notes to dra sugar should only be eaten help explanation occasionally as part of a Select appropriat • healthy, balanced diet. technique explai Design: Developing, planning First...Next...Last.. and communicating ideas • Explore ideas by materials. • Design a product from a Describe their mo • detailed design criterion. drawings of ideas • Use pictures and words to intentions. convey what they want to Produce a small design and make. with reclaimed m Add notes to drawings to help explanations Evaluate: Evaluating Select appropriate and products technique explaining First...Next...Last... Explore and evalu • Explore ideas by range of existing rearranging materials. Talk about their d Describe their models and drawings of ideas and
 - intentions. • Produce a small mock up with reclaimed materials.
- finished products design criteria Talk about change
- during the making
- they develop and good and bad p Discuss how close

ucture can	Mark out materials to be
er, taller,	cut using a template.
stable.	 Choose appropriate
cility of	components and materials
ig they are	and suggest ways of
ig mey die	·
	manipulating them to
ing part for	achieve the desired effect
levers and	(eg, bending wire,
	wrapping and gluing tissue
	paper)
e made	Knowledge
nd more	
	- Proportion of components
ardboard	Properties of components
er and	and materials determine
rather than	how they can and cannot
	be used. For example,
	some metal is too strong to
will also	0
more	bend but wire can be
	manipulated to create 3D
mechanisms	structures and forms.
	 The shapes of solid objects
ers, sliders,	
], in their	made from some materials
	can be changed by
	squashing, bending,
	twisting and stretching.
planning	this and motor ing.
ideas	
	Design: Developing, planning
L	and communicating ideas
t from a	
criterion.	Designs as much set from a
words to	 Design a product from a
y want to	detailed design criterion.
e.	 Use pictures and words to
	convey what they want to
wings to	design and make.
S	-
te	Add notes to drawings to
ning	help explanations
0	 Select appropriate
·	technique explaining
rearranging	FirstNextLast
odels and	Explore ideas by
s and	rearranging materials.
	• Describe their models and
maakun	drawings of ideas and
mock up	intentions.
naterials.	
	Produce a small mock up
processes	with reclaimed materials.
	Evaluate: Evaluating processes
uate a	and products
products.	
lesigns as	 Explore and evaluate a
•	range of existing products.
d identify	
oints	• Talk about their designs as
ely their	they develop and identify
meet their	good and bad points
	Discuss how closely their
	finished products meet
ges made	-
g process.	their design criteria

			 Evaluate: Evaluating processes and products Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. Talk about their designs as they develop and identify good and bad points Discuss how closely their finished products meet their design criteria Talk about changes made during the making process. 	
Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. Style: South African styles Topic and cross-curricular links: South African music and Freedom Songs. Nelson Mandela as a famous and influential person in our lifetimes. Historical context of musical styles. Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, glockenspiel, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise,	Charanga – Ho, Ho, Ho Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. Style: Christmas, Big Band, Motown, Elvis, Freedom Songs Topic and cross-curricular links: Christmas. Literacy - Christmas vocabulary. Historical context of musical styles. Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, glockenspiel, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, melody, dynamics, tempo	Charanga – I wanna play in a band Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. Style: Rock Topic and cross-curricular links: Teamwork, working together. The Beatles. Historical context of musical styles. Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, glockenspiel, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, melody, dynamics, tempo	Charanga - Zootime Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. Style: Reggae Topic and cross-curricular links: Animals, poetry and the historical context of musical styles. Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, glockenspiel, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, melody, dynamics, tempo	Charanga – Friendship s Listen with concentratio understanding to a rans high-quality live and rea music. To use their voices expre and creatively by singin and speaking chants ar rhymes Play tuned and instruments musically. Experiment with, create and combine sounds us inter-related dimensions music. Style: Pop Topic and cross-curricul links: Being friends and historical context of mus styles. Vocabulary: Keyboard, bass, glockenspiel, pulse rhythm, pitch, improvise compose, perform, aud melody, dynamics, tem

	 Talk about changes made during the making process.
song	Charanga -Reflect, rewind and
ion and nge of ecorded pressively	replay Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.
ing songs and d untuned	To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes Play tuned and untuned instruments musically.
re, select using the ns of	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.
ular d the	Style: Western Classical Music and your choice from Year 2
d, drums, lse, se,	Topic and cross-curricular links: Think about the history of music in context, listen to some Western Classical music and place the music from the units you have worked through, in their correct time and space. Consolidate the foundations of
idience, npo	the language of music. Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, glockenspiel, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, melody, dynamics, tempo.

MFL French – "Good Morning" and Christmas around the world -French – Colours Cornish – St. Piran's Day French – counting to te "Good afternoon". Learning Happy Christmas in Saying "Good Morning" Un, deux, trois, auatre, Bleu (Blue), Rouge (Red), different languages. sept, huit, neuf, dix. Vert (green), Jaune (yellow), Myttin Da' means 'good day' Feliz Navidad Bonjour blanc (white), noir (black), Joyeux Noël Gris (grey), rose (pink), violet Gool Peran Lowen! Happy St Boun Natale (purple), marron (brown) Piran's Day! Bonne après-mid Merii Kurisumasu and orange (orange). Fröhliche Weihnachten Hello - Dydh da RE Christianity Christianity Judaism Christianity **Christianity** GOSPEL: What is the good **INCARNATION: Why does** Who is Jewish and how do they SALVATION: Why does Easter What makes some pla Christmas matter to Christians? matter to Christians? news Jesus brings? live? sacred to believers? Jesus as God in human form. Hanukkah Linked to nativity. **PSHE** Jigsaw - Being me in my world Jigsaw -Celebrating difference Jiasaw - Dreams and goals Jiasaw - Healthy me Jiasaw – Relationships Children to explain why their Children to explain that Children to explain how they behaviour can impact on other sometimes people get bullied play a part in a group and how Children to explain why foods Children will be able to people in their class. because they are seen to be the parts other people play are good for their body why some things migh different. This might include create an end product. They Children to compare their own comparing their idea with less them feel uncomfortal people who do not conform to will be able to explain how and their friends' choices and healthy choices. relationship and comp gender stereotypes. their skills complement each with relationships that can express why some choices other. Children will compare their are better than others. Children to explain how it feels them feel safe and spe own and their friends' choices Children to explain how it feels to have a friend and be a and will be able to express The children will give e friend. They will be able to to be part of a group and how it feels to make healthy of some different prob identify a range of feelings explain why it is okay to be and safe choices. solving techniques and different from their friends. about group work. how they might use the certain situations in the relationships. PE **Fundamentals** Gymnastics – change of height Yoga Dance – link to Geography to Athletics – running stimulus into music and and balance Gymnastics – balance, roll and Target games movement choices. Net and Wall games locomotion on the floor Skills: Hurdle step onto Skills: Improve accuracy in Invasion Games springboard Straight jump off Skills travelling in space and using Skills: Improve accurac springboard Tuck jump off Balance: Large body part variety of equipment for Skills: Copy and explore basic springboard travelling in space and balances, balances on throwing, catching, hitting and body actions, choosing variety of equipment f apparatus, Balances with a striking. Play small, sided movements to make into Bunny hop, Front support throwing, catching, hit partner, Front and back games keeping score. phrases with a beginning, wheelbarrow with partner, Tstriking. Play small, side (.troaque middle and end. -Explore lever and Scissor kick keeping score. Roll: Rocking forward roll, movement with body control Crouched forward roll and work in pairs/small groups. Locomotion: Tiptoe, step, jump and hop Hopscotch Skipping Team building.

Galloping Straight jump half-

turn

en , cinq, six,	French -commands using the body. Silence, regarder, écouter, s'asseoir correctement.
ices	Judaism Who is Jewish and how do they live? Jigsaw – Changing me
o explain t make ble in a pare this make ecial. examples blem- d explain lem in eir	Children will use the correct terms to describe parts of the body. They will explain why some areas of the body are private and what that means. The children will be able to say what they like and don't like about being a girl/boy. They will discuss what it means to get older and recognise that other people may feel differently.
cy in d using for tting and ed games	Athletics – jumping and throwing Striking and fielding Skills: Improve accuracy in travelling in space and using variety of equipment for throwing, catching, hitting and striking. Play small, sided games keeping score.

Computing	Computing Systems and Networks –IT In this unit, learners will look at information technology at school and beyond, in settings such as shops, hospitals, and libraries. Learners will investigate how information technology improves our world, and they will learn about using information technology responsibly.	Creating Media – Making Music In this unit, learners will be using a computer to create music. They will listen to a variety of pieces of music and consider how music can make them think and feel. Learners will compare creating music digitally and non- digitally. Learners will look at patterns and purposefully create music.	Data and Information - Pictograms Learners will begin to understand what the term data means and how data can be collected in the form of a tally chart. They will learn the term 'attribute' and use this to help them organise data. They will then progress onto presenting data in the form of pictograms and finally block	Creating media – Digital photography Learners will learn to recognise that different devices can be used to capture photographs and will gain experience capturing, editing, and improving photos. Finally, they will use this knowledge to recognise that images they see may not be real.	Programming A – Robot Algorithms This unit develops pupils' understanding of instructions in sequences and the use of logical reasoning to predict outcomes. Pupils will use given commands in different orders to investigate how the order affects the outcome. Pupils will also learn about design in programming. They will develop	Programming B - Quizzes This unit initially recaps on learning from the Year 1 ScratchJr unit 'Programming B – Programming animations. Learners begin to understand that sequences of commands have an outcome and make predictions based on their learning. They use and modify designs to create their own quiz questions in ScratchJr and
DRIVER 1	Revisiting "all welcome" ethos in school and diversity.	Celebrating diversity Musicians and performers	diagrams. Learners will use the data presented to answer questions. Pirates who were women! Challenging stereotypes	Discuss moving into locale. Everyone welcome book and	artwork and test it for use in a program. They will design algorithms and then test those algorithms as programs and debug them. Considering local traditions and stories that have different points	realise these designs in ScratchJr using blocks of code. Finally, learners evaluate their work and make improvements to their programming projects. Thinking about living things and how they are diverse.
diversity within the school culture and beyond. An "all welcome" ethos with strong consideration for exposure to mages and role models which expand the bupils experience and challenge tereotypes.	We will consider the continents across the world learning about the key features of each.	We will consider the diverse nature of the countries that make up the United Kingdom. We will celebrate difference and uniqueness. Consider the question of all welcome within the historical story of Guy Fawkes.	through fiction and Non-fiction. The night pirates. Grace Darling	discuss migration. Understanding that not all homes look the same, but they have the same qualities. Consider St. Piran's day and how all were welcome within St. Piran's church.	of view. Consider the diverse occupations and gender divide in historical castles.	Considering how change happens overtime. A comparison between another country and the UK to explore diversity, environment and values. Mugumareno Village, Zambia - Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a contrasting non-European country
DRIVER 2 To promote <u>mental health</u> for all with an emphasis on Dutdoor learning	Launching with the Worrysaurus to understand how to express our worries and relieve our worries.	Outdoor performing arts Music in the environment Taking a sound walk to appreciate the outdoor orchestra.	Historic enquiry outdoors. Outdoor science explorations to allow a connection to nature.	Outdoor learning in the village and local field work to build an understanding and appreciation of our local environment.	Outdoor visits to local mine and castles to build an understanding of traditions and historical events.	Outdoor learning at allotment, polytunnel and field. Field work weekly.
and immersion in natural environment.	Outdoor messy pictures with the use of natural and bought products to promote the benefits of being outdoors and biophilia which supports	The consideration of other people's situations at Christmas, creating artwork	Children make a treasure island shape in the outdoor learning area using sticks, rope and chalk. They add objects to	A unit exploring storytelling through a range of outdoor learning activities. The children will use the book 'The Sneezy	Children to explore 'uses of everyday materials' and 'working scientifically' through a range of different outdoor activities. They will explore a	Children to explore a unit on mathematics in a real context, learning about their environment by identifying

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	cognitive function, physical health, and psychological well- being. Children will explore colour, pattern, texture, line and shape in the form of the natural environment.	and cards for local people who don't have family nearby. Children will be encouraged to express meaning using reflection and mindfulness. They will observe, investigate and consider possible answers of 'identity, experience, meaning and purpose'. They will reflect on their feelings and emotions by using their senses, exploring the outdoor environment, fostering a sense of curiosity, awe, wonder and delight.	the island before drawing a map of it and creating a key. Children to become outdoor explorers. They will investigate the lives of explorers such as Jeanne Baret, Ernest Shackleton and Neil Armstrong. They will look at and learn how to use a simple map.	Dragon' to explore homes and discuss materials.	different aspect of materials each week, carry out investigations, classify and sort materials and develop their observational skills. Allotment and polytunnel to begin growing.	trees by their leaves, lighting fires, and understanding shape properties, positional language and direction.
DRIVER 3 To ensure exposure for all to events and learning with high <u>cultural</u> <u>capital</u> , especially for the pupil premium cohort.	Developing the children's understanding of equality and respect in the classroom where everybody is equal. We will consider the UN Rights of the child and create our own rules based around British Values. Expose to high level vocabulary and pre-teaching for pupils who need support with access. Quality texts available for all pupils and books to be promoted for all.	Theatre performance for Christmas through outdoor learning. Access to valued cultural information about the different areas of the United Kingdom and vocabulary relating to this. Finding out our country, county and city.	Considering that change happens, and some changes are outside of our control. To learn to identify those who are older that we respect.	Using our school Museum Creating a book based on geographical and historical studies of our local village. To understand change over time and how diverse our village is. Access local expert to help the children understand how the village has changed.	Access to valued cultural information about Britain and a contrasting country with vocabulary relating to this. Thinking about the Queen's reign and change. Considering how Cornwall has changed through historical events and change.	Considering change and the living environment through artwork. Changes between Mugumareno Village, Zambia and our village